

Electronic Informed Consent Perspectives from a Sponsor's Experience

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Overview

- Overview of REMOTE study
- Electronic Consent
 - -Benefits
 - Challenges
- Lessons learned



- Study: Research on Electronic Monitoring of OAB Treatment Experience ("REMOTE")
- Primary end point: Compare the efficacy of Detrol® LA (tolterodine tartrate) ER to placebo in subjects with overactive bladder after 12 weeks of treatment using an innovative web-based trial design
- Objective: Mimic a previously completed trial to replicate the results and validate this novel approach



- Advance FDA feedback obtained
- IRB Review: Western IRB & UCSF IRB
- Principal Investigator: Dr. Stephen Bent, UCSF
- Electronic Consent Platform: Mytrus, Inc.
- Single clinical coordinating center
- Open to participants from 10 states



Innovative Approach:

- Web-based recruitment
- Web-based consent process
- Web-based screening
- Mobile phone based efficacy assessment (e-diary)
- Study drug delivery by overnight courier (signature receipt required)
- Interactive data capture via secure website
- Virtual site visits: patient will not attend investigator / site for visits
- Study physician /call center available 24/7 by email & phone



Enrollment Challenges:

• Target Enrollment: 600 patients

Enrollment Open: March 3, 2011

• Enrollment Closed: April 15, 2012

Participants Screened: 237

Participants Randomized: 18

Participants Discontinued: 2

Participants Completed: 16



REMOTE Study - Unique Hurdles

- Patchwork of State & Federal Requirements
- Local Practice of Medicine / Licensing aspects
- Telemedicine Laws
- Dispensation of Study Drug



REMOTE Study

Electronic Consent Benefits & Challenges



Electronic Consent - Benefits

- Potential advantages for compliance and quality
- Efficiency and Flexibility
- Ability to monitor and track subject review of consent
- Ability to verify/capture subject understanding via online testing
- Active participation in consent process by subjects potentially enhances engagement and understanding
- Potentially more effective in capturing subject options within consent



Electronic Consent - Challenges

- Development of consent platform and process is resource intensive
- Confirmation of subject identity/age/location
- Amendments to consent possibly complicated
- May require new areas of understanding/competency
- Non-standard approaches may complicate regulatory/ethics review process
- Inter-relationships between various state and federal requirements



REMOTE Study

Lessons Learned



REMOTE - Lessons Learned

- Web-based approach efficient for reaching subjects
- Percentage of Subjects actually enrolled was low
- Difficult to draw conclusions from single study
- Substantial up-front investment required
- Regulatory framework does not contemplate webbased IND research



Questions?

